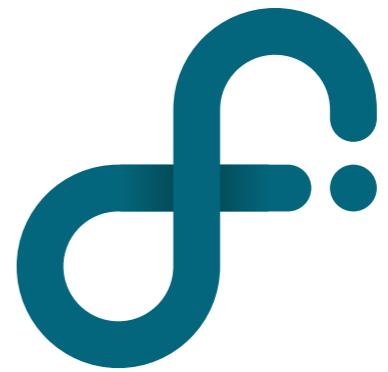


Procesamiento de información en células y tejidos biológicos

Luis G. Morelli

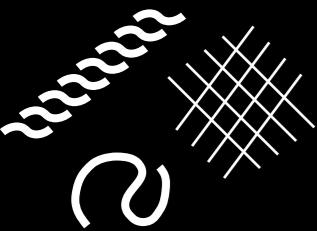
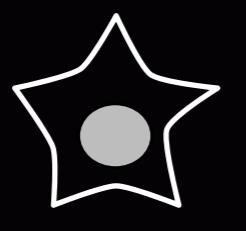
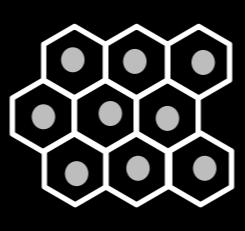
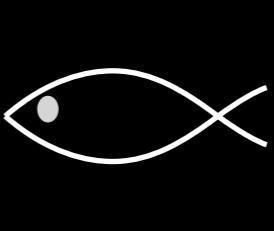
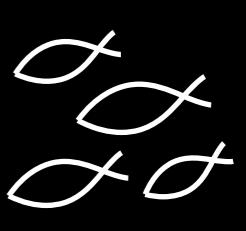
IFIBA - CONICET
Departamento de Física
Universidad de Buenos Aires



<http://users.df.uba.ar/morelli>

DDF - 07 07 14

Física de Sistemas Biológicos

molécula	célula	tejido	organismo	población
				
$\sim 10^{-9} \text{ m}$	$\sim 10^{-6} \text{ m}$	$\sim 10^{-3} \text{ m}$	$\sim 1 \text{ m}$	$\sim 10^3 \text{ m}$

Física de Sistemas Biológicos

Bruno

Ponce Dawson

Skigin, Inchaussandague

Chernomoretz

Morelli

Balenzuela

Estrada, Pietrasanta

Amador

Mindlin, Trevisan

Grecco

Solari, Otero

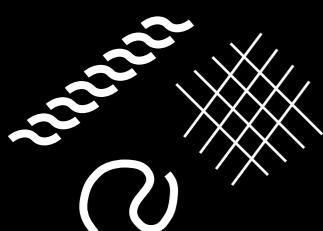
molécula

célula

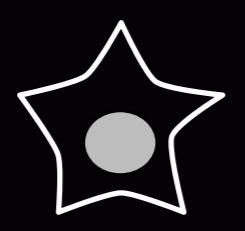
tejido

organismo

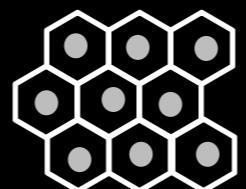
población



$\sim 10^{-9} \text{ m}$



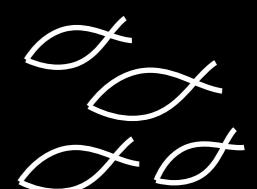
$\sim 10^{-6} \text{ m}$



$\sim 10^{-3} \text{ m}$

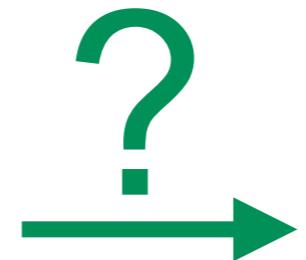
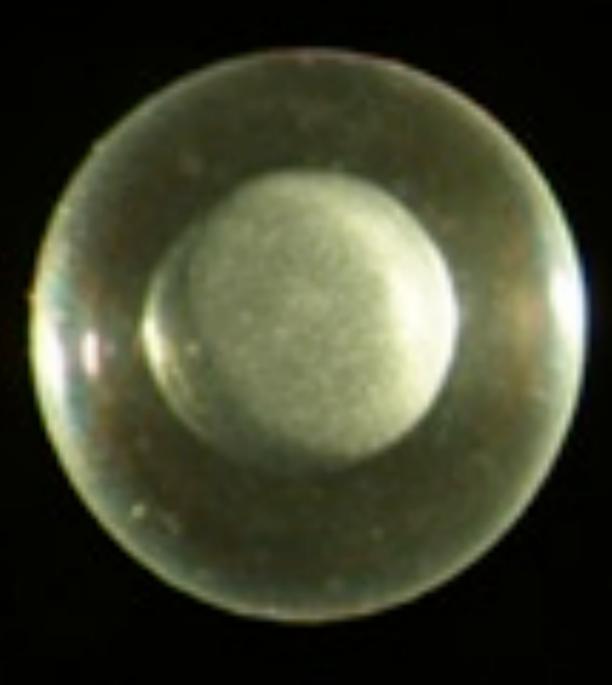


$\sim 1 \text{ m}$



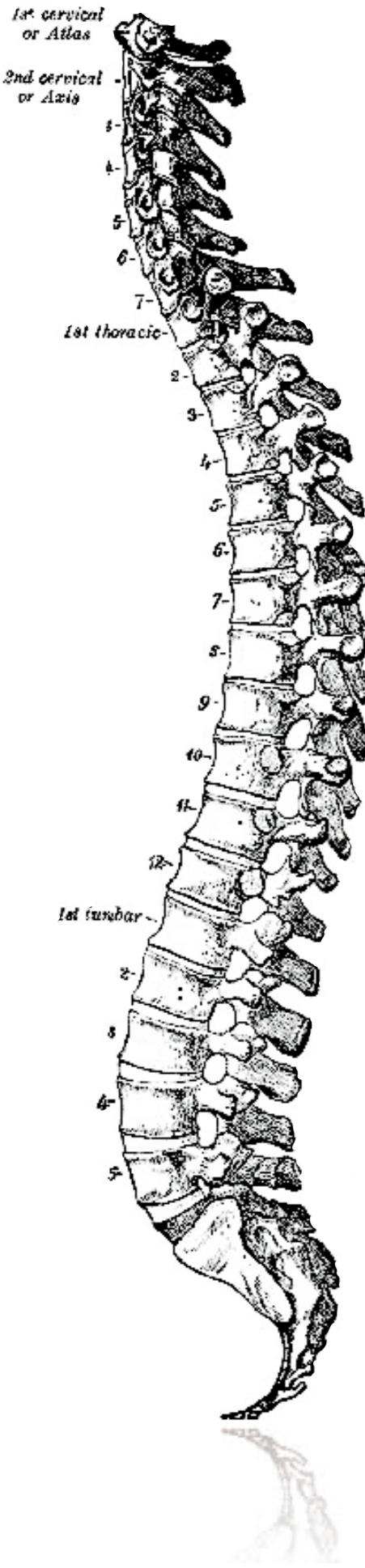
$\sim 10^3 \text{ m}$

Como se forman tejidos y organismos completos a partir de celulas y sus interacciones?

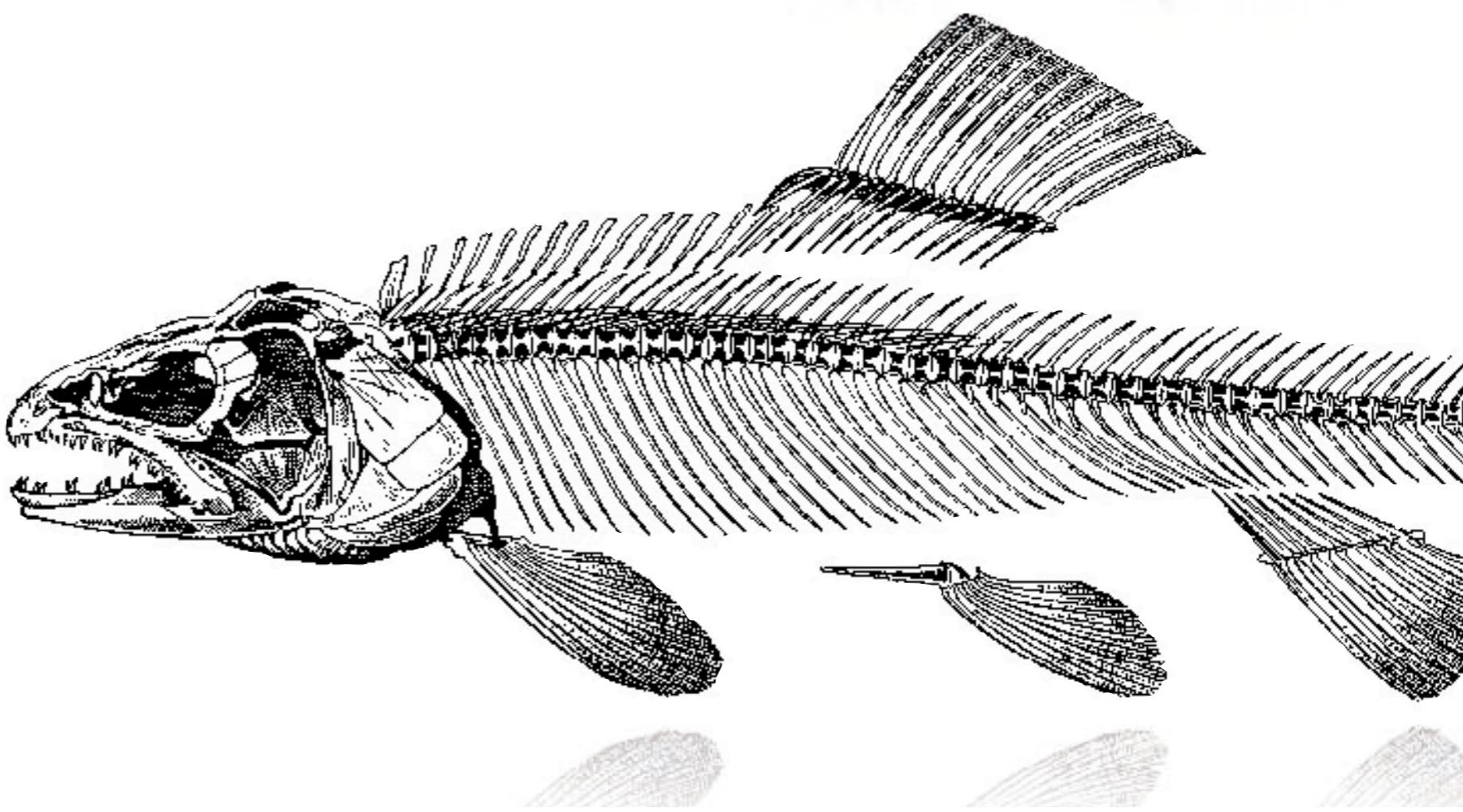
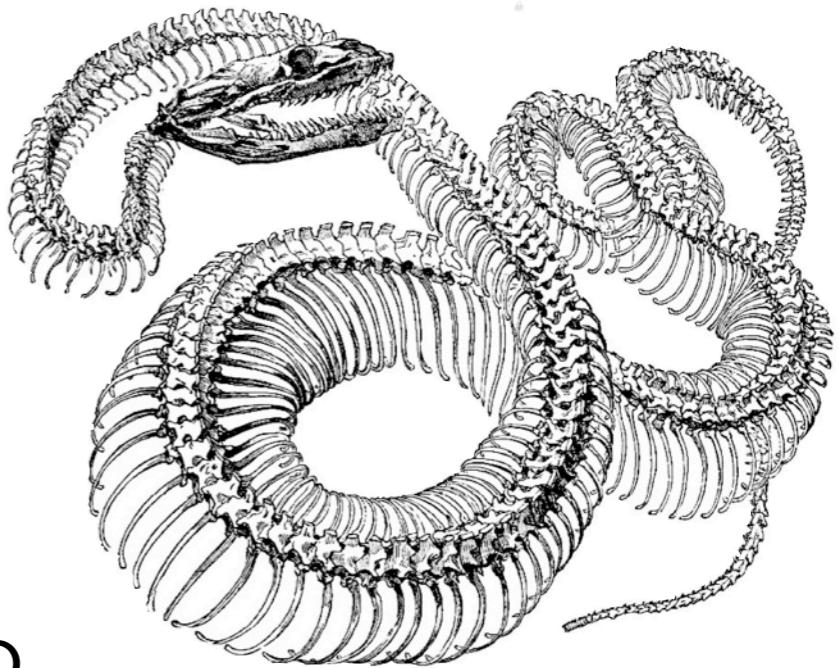


huevo

organismo adulto



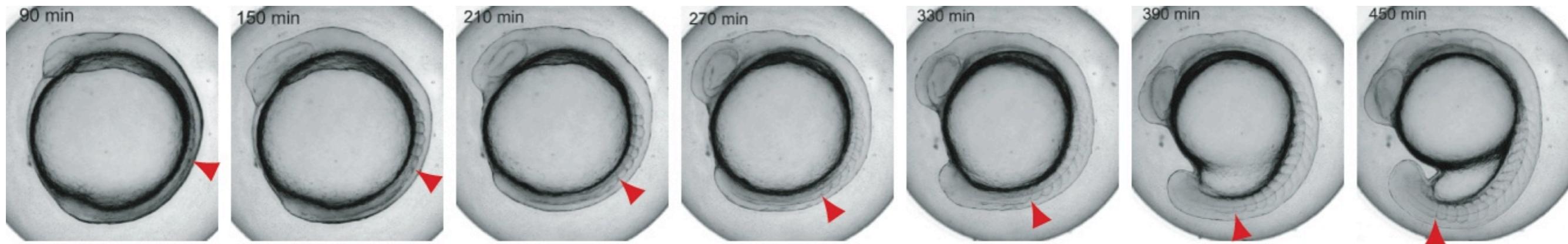
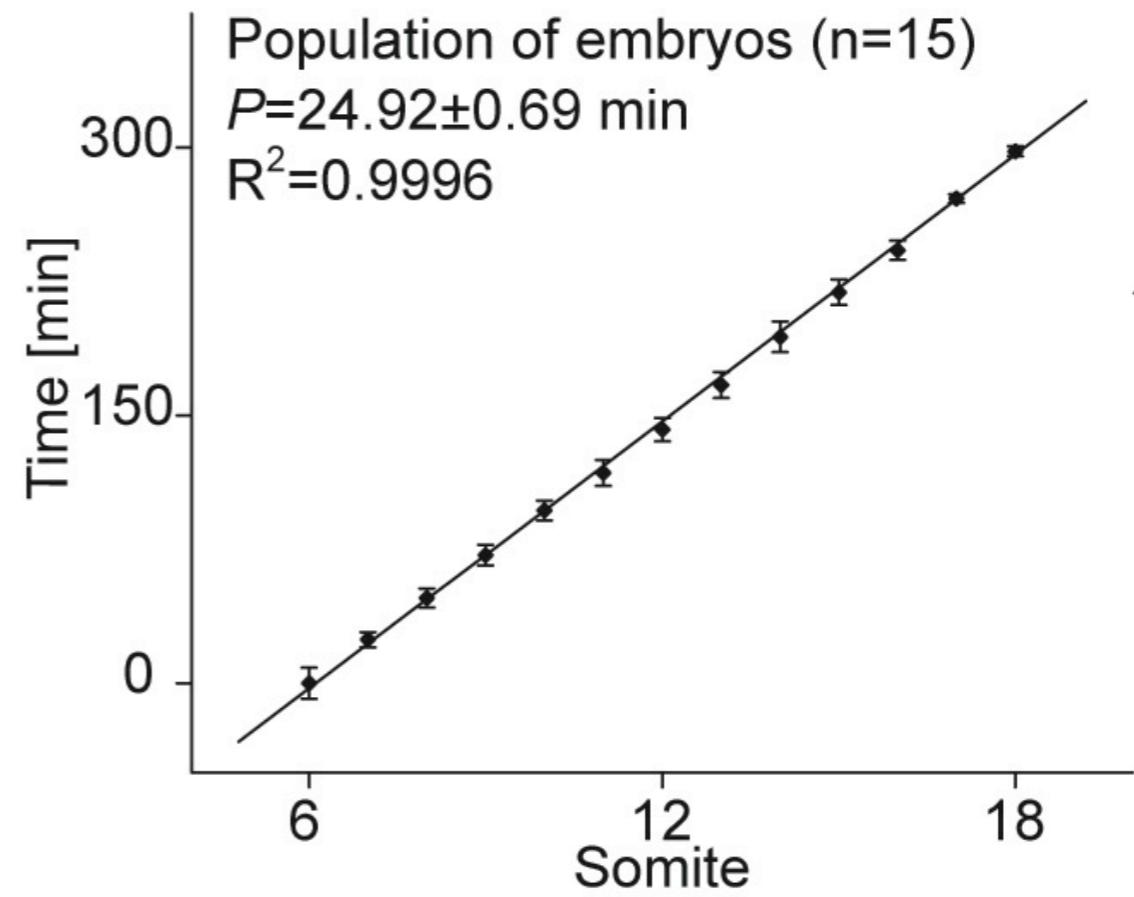
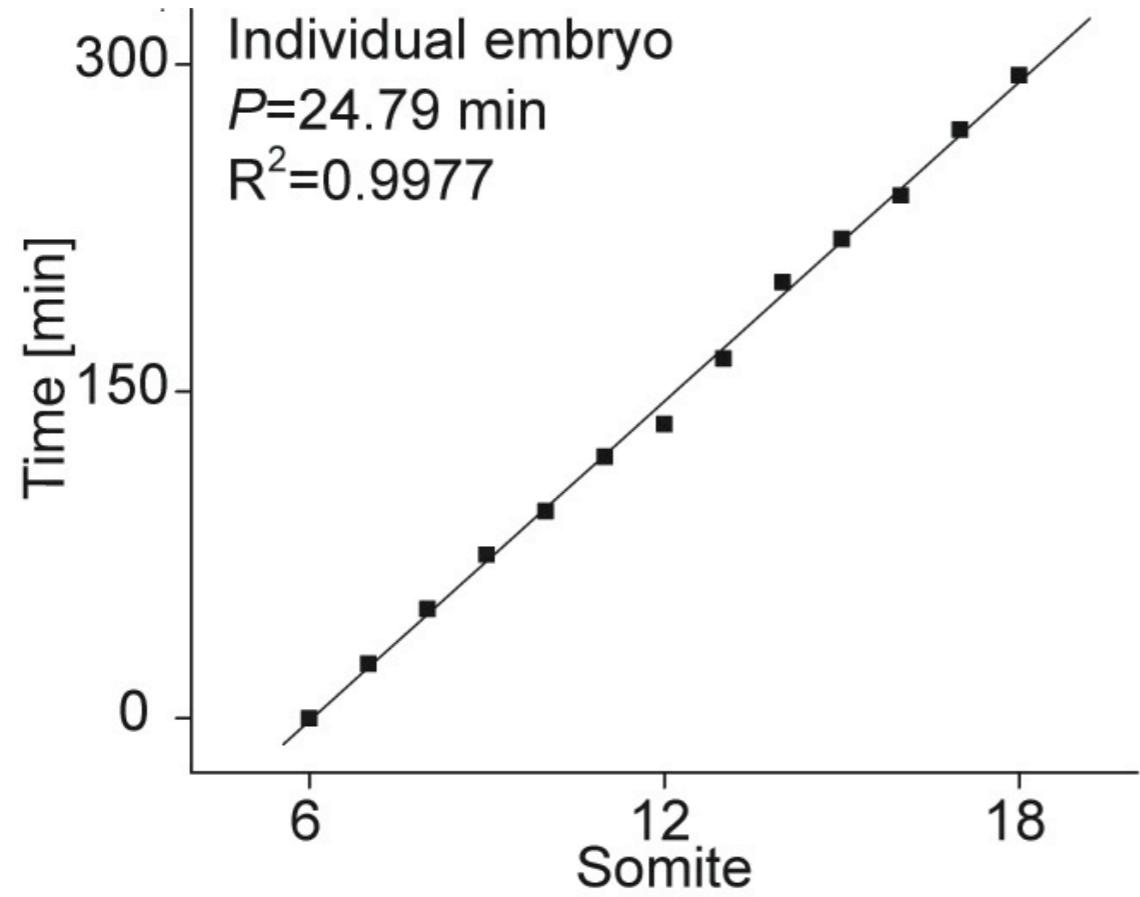
El cuerpo de los
vertebrados está dividido
en segmentos





Los segmentos se forman en forma rítmica y secuencial

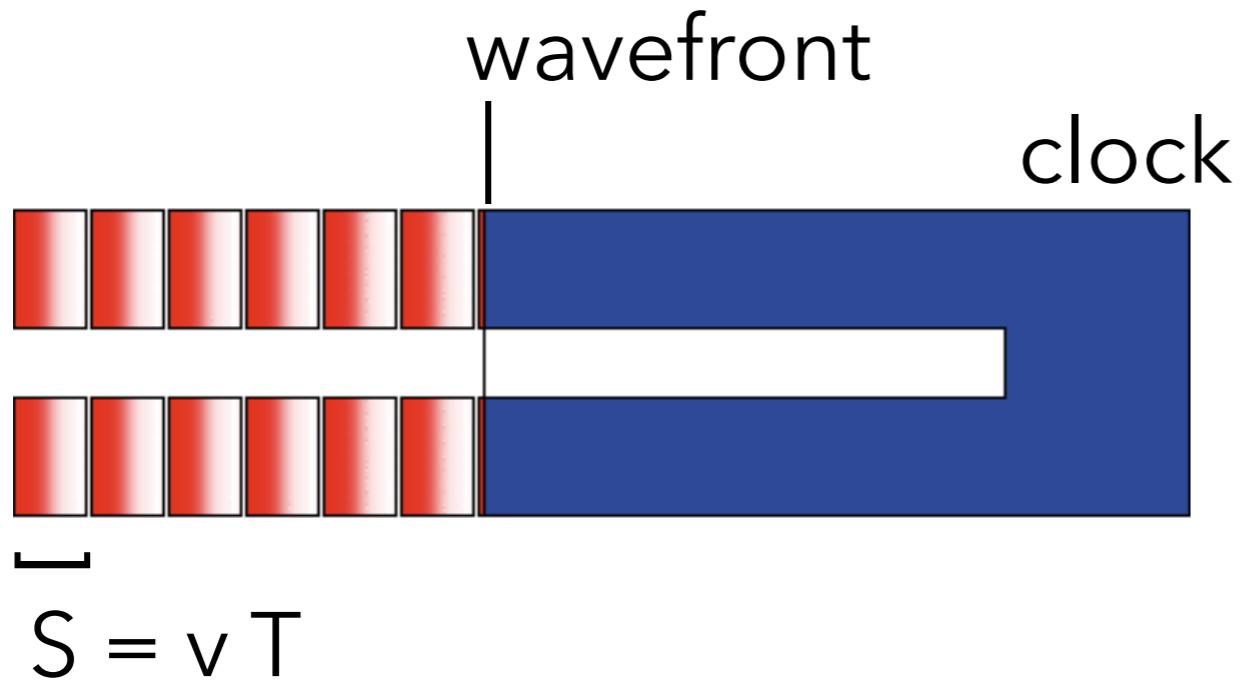
El ritmo de somitogénesis es preciso



Schröter et al., Dev. Dyn. 237, 545 (2008)

Mecanismo clock and wavefront

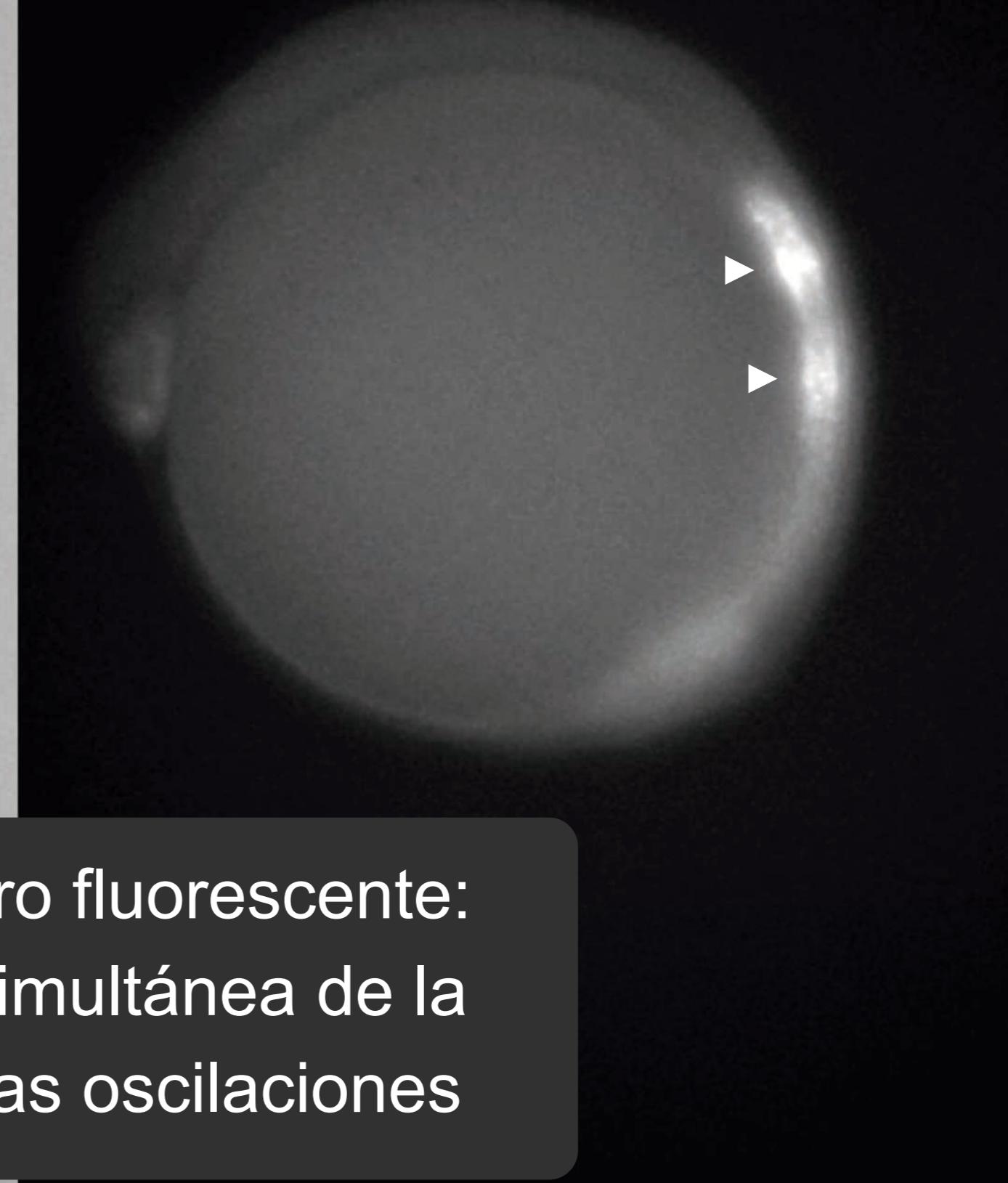
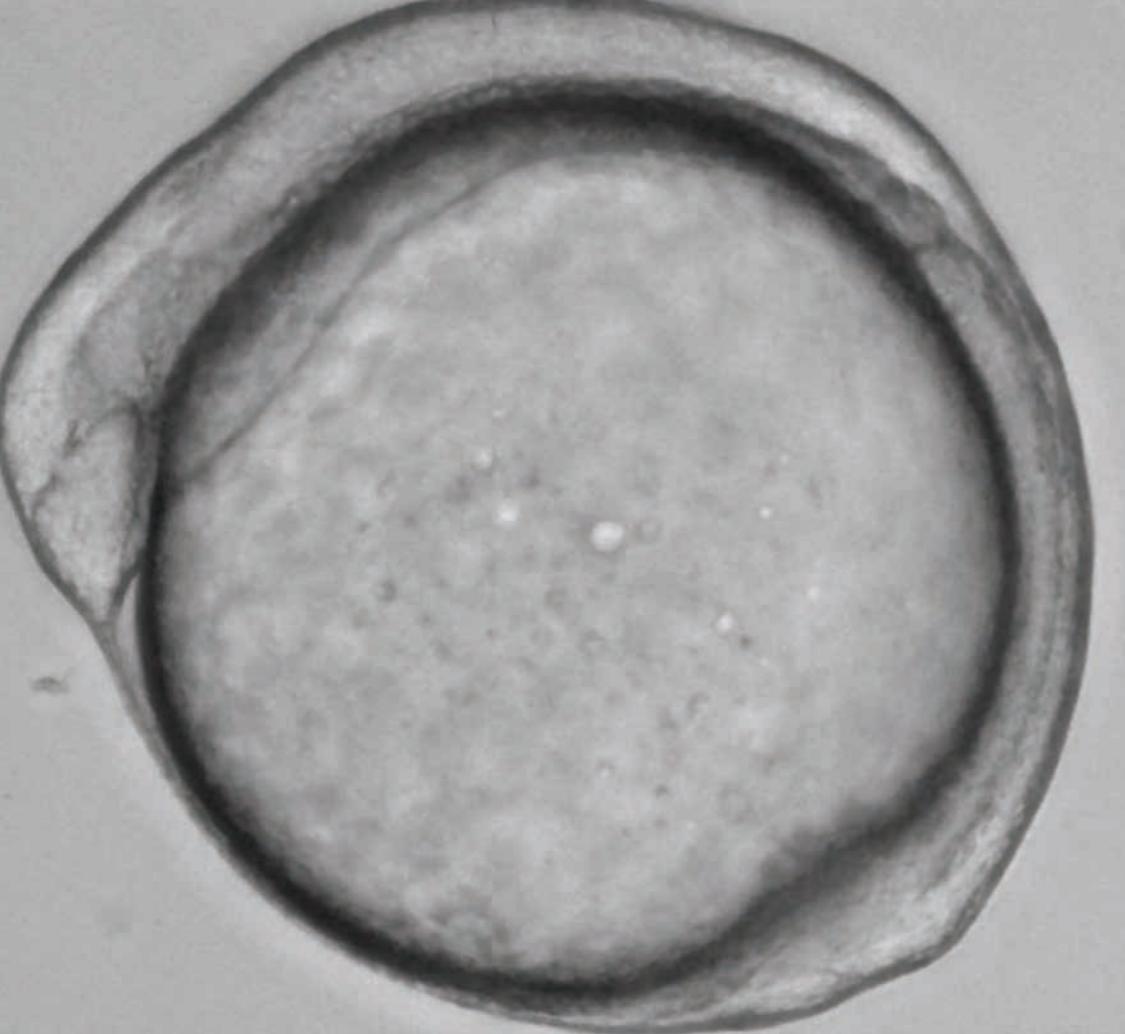
S is the segment length
v is the wavefront velocity
T is the period of the clock



clock oscillations are stopped at different phases by a moving wavefront

the segment length S is determined by the clock period T and the wavefront velocity v

Cooke and Zeeman (1976)



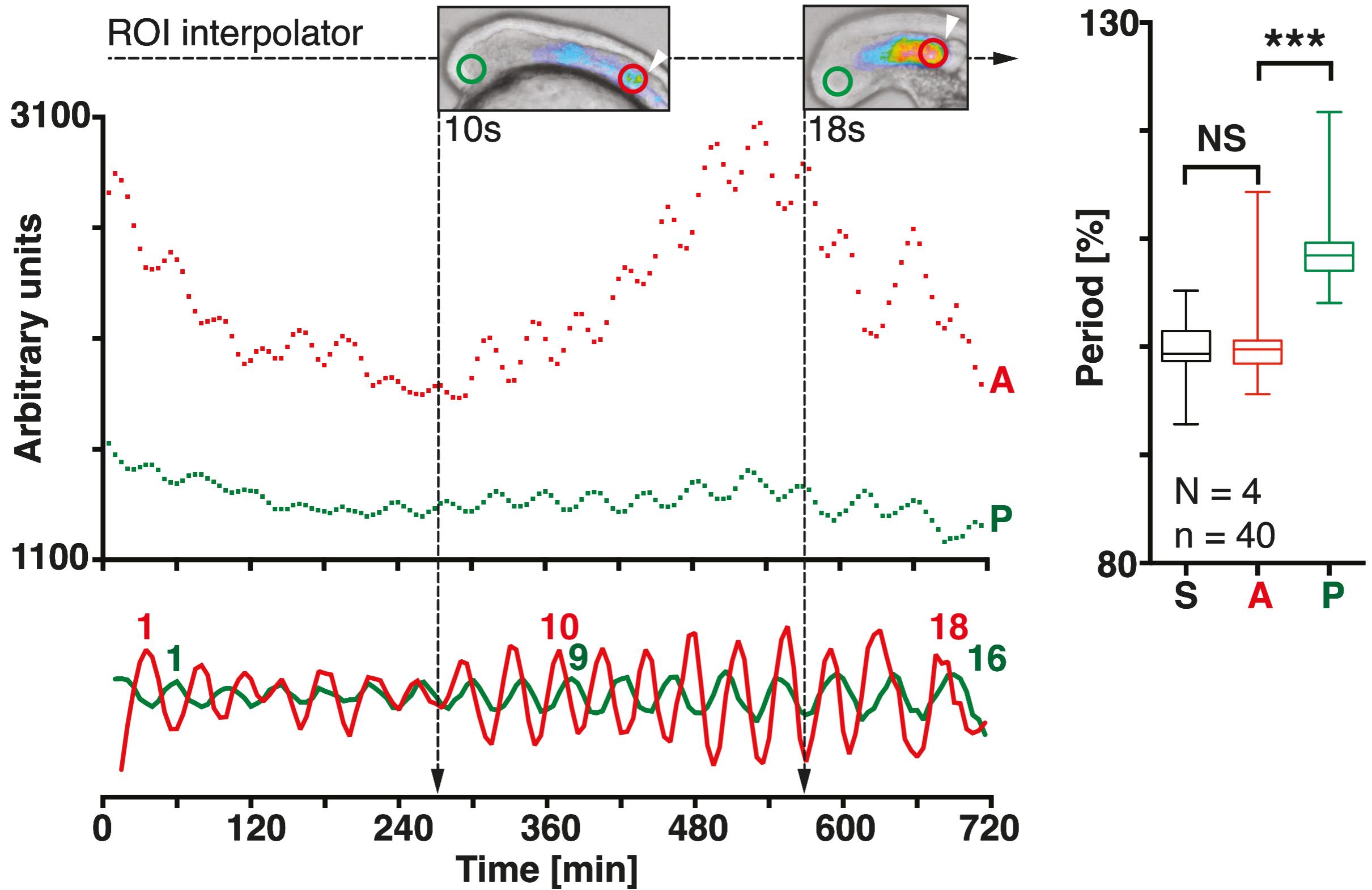
nuevo reportero fluorescente:
observación simultánea de la
morfología y las oscilaciones

segmentation period: **38 min**

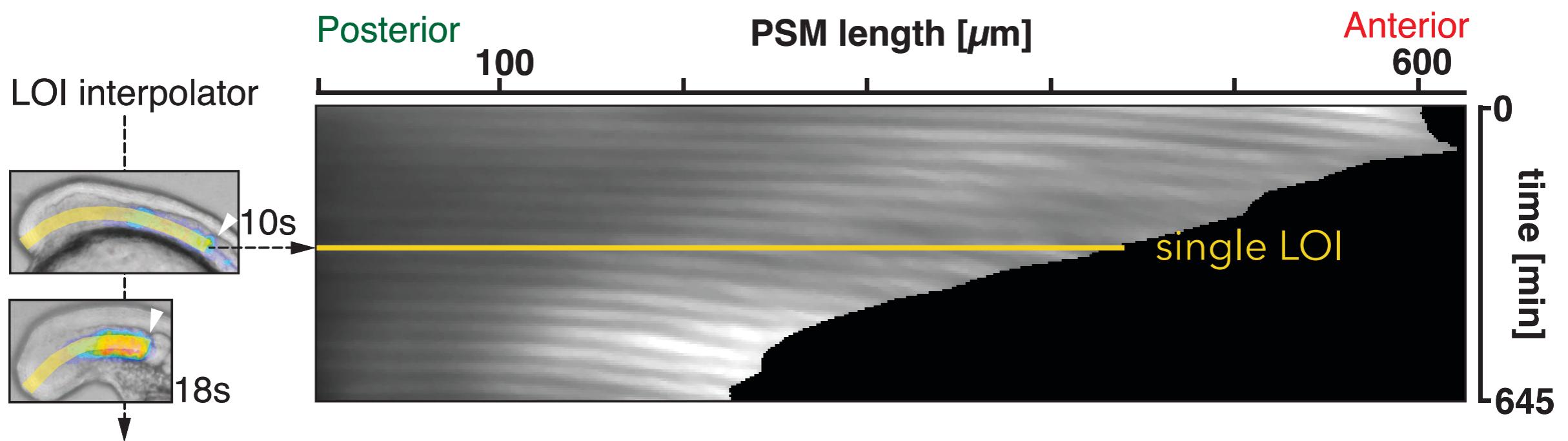
Brightfield channel

Her1:YFP channel

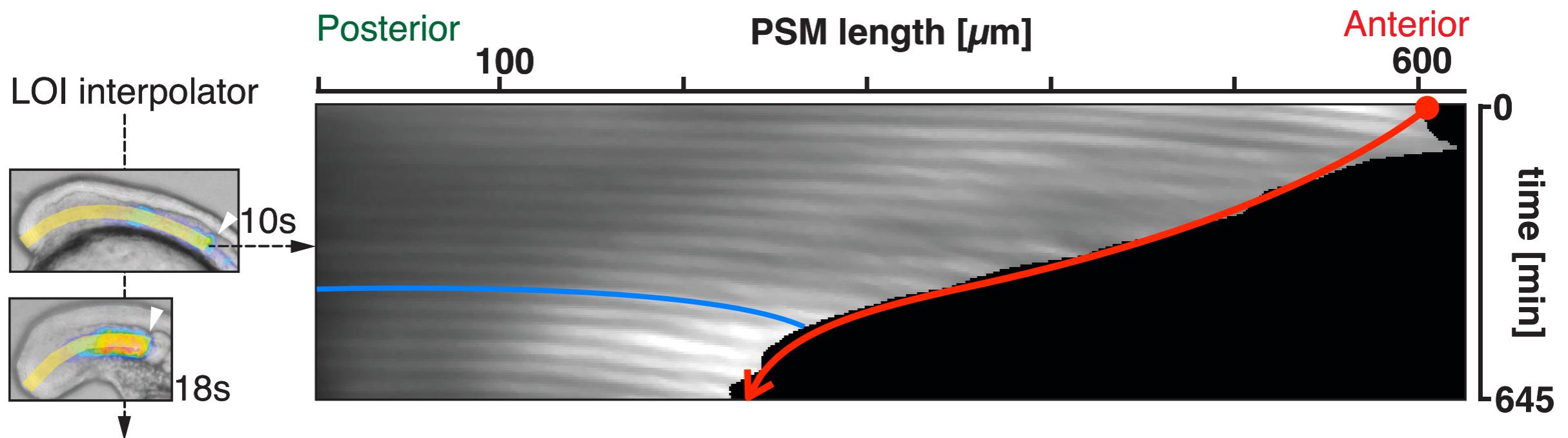
El período de las oscilaciones y el período de somitogenesis



Mapa espacio temporal de intensidad (kymographs)

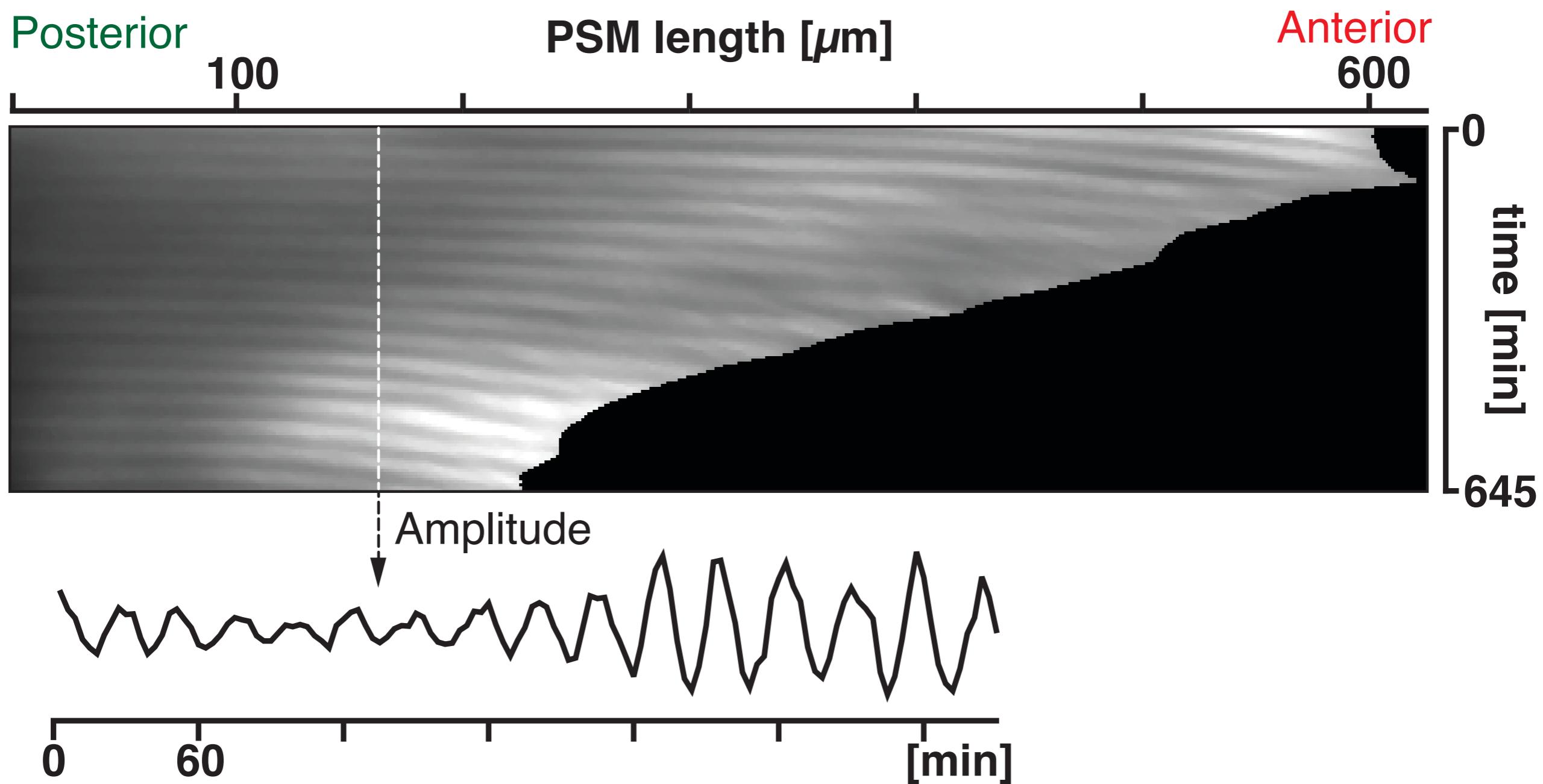


Mapa espacio temporal de intensidad (kymographs)

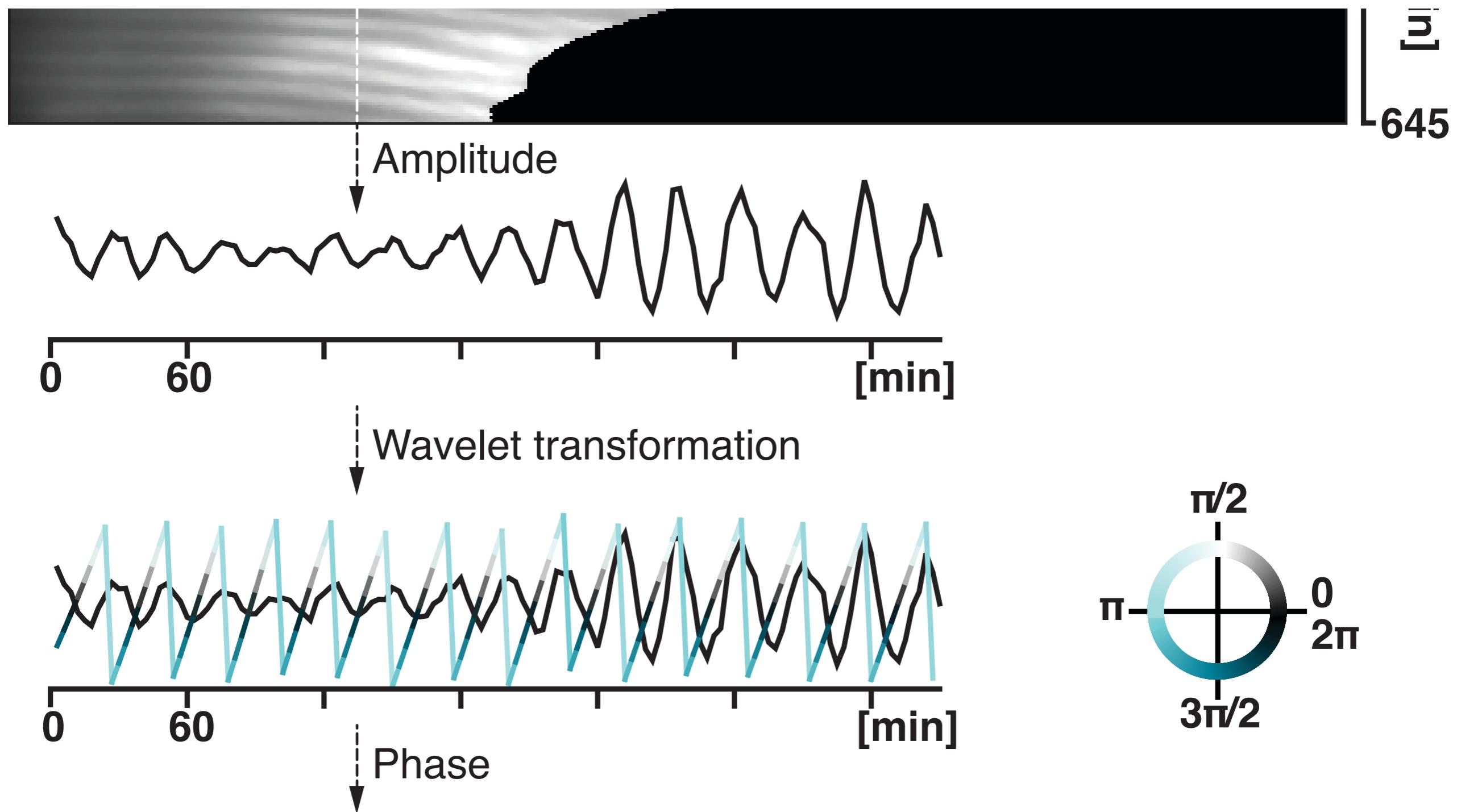


hay ondas de expresión genética
el tejido se acorta... efecto Doppler?

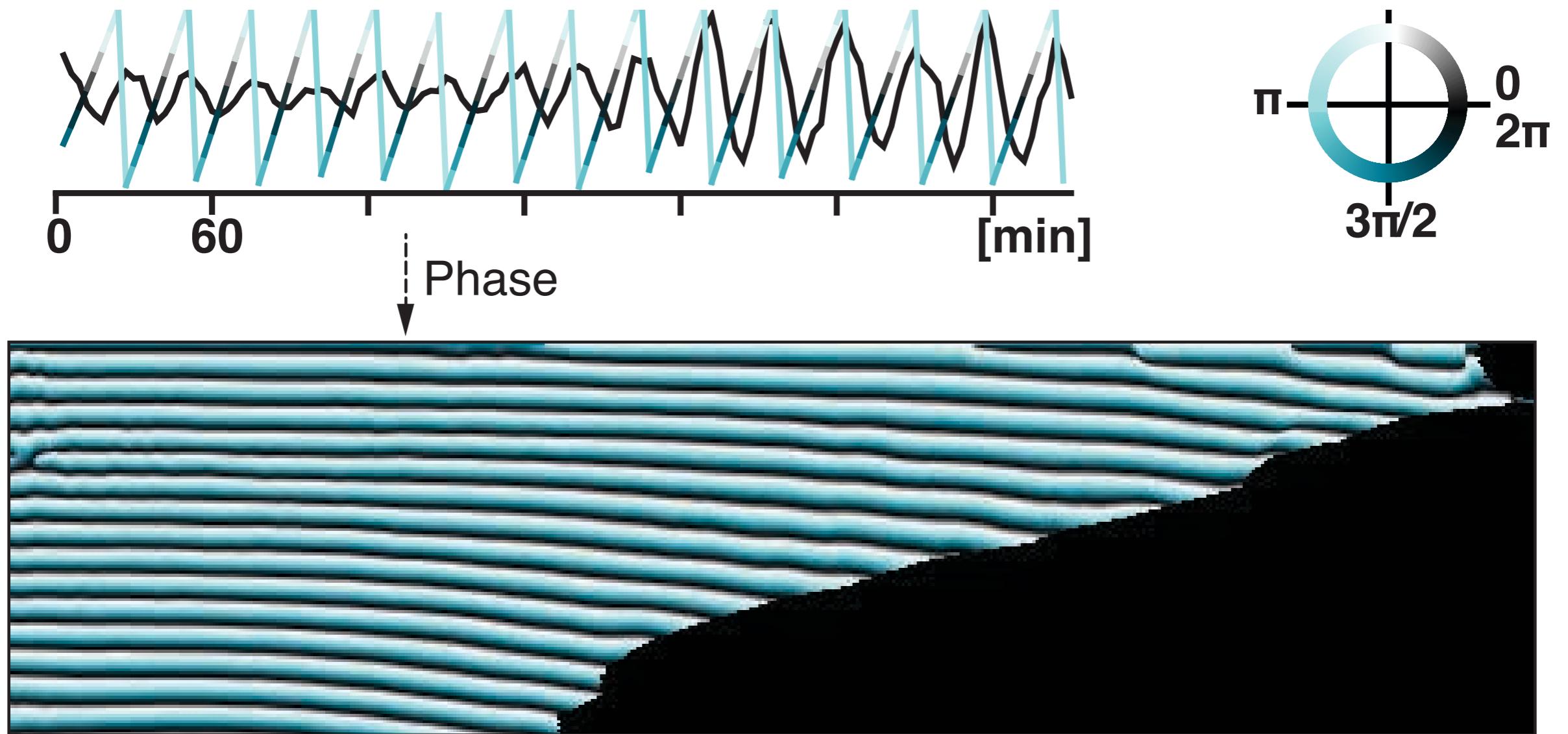
Mapa espacio-temporal de las fases



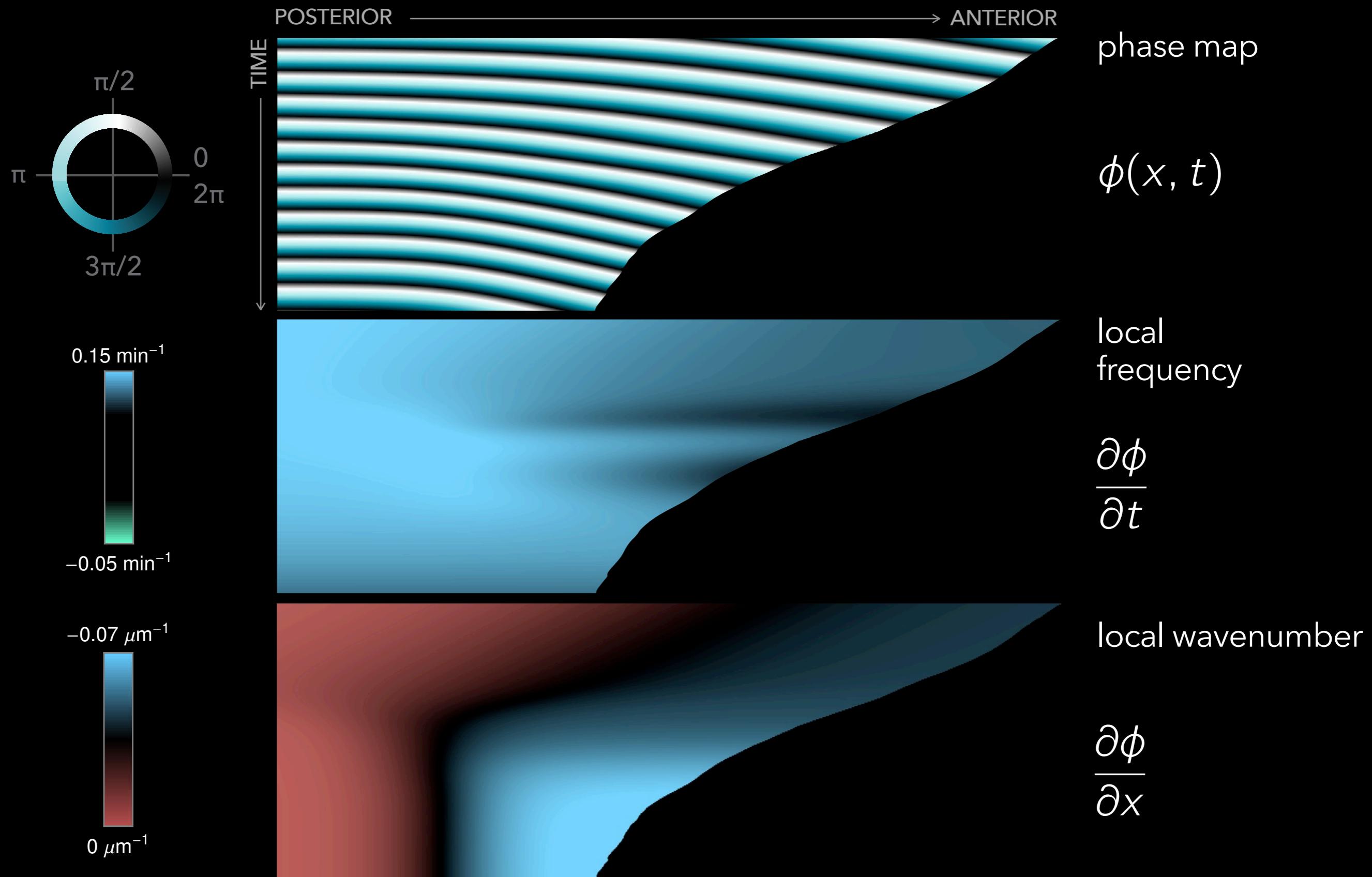
Mapa espacio-temporal de las fases



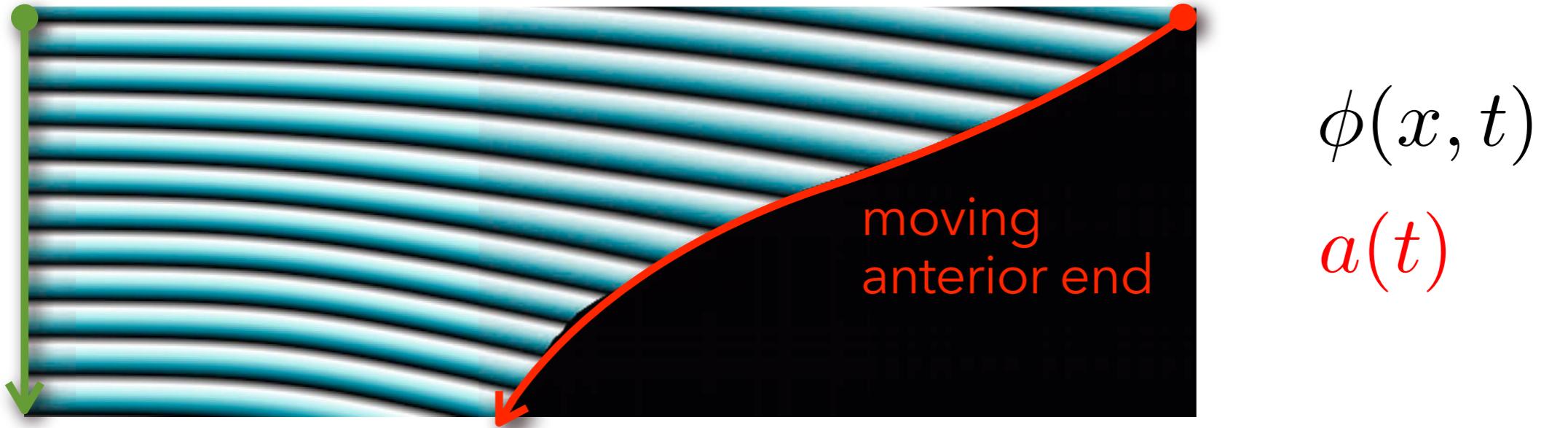
Mapa espacio-temporal de las fases



Mapa de fases promedio para 18 embriones



Efecto Doppler y longitud de onda dinámica



$$\phi_P(t) = \phi(0, t)$$

$$\phi_A(t) = \phi(a(t), t)$$

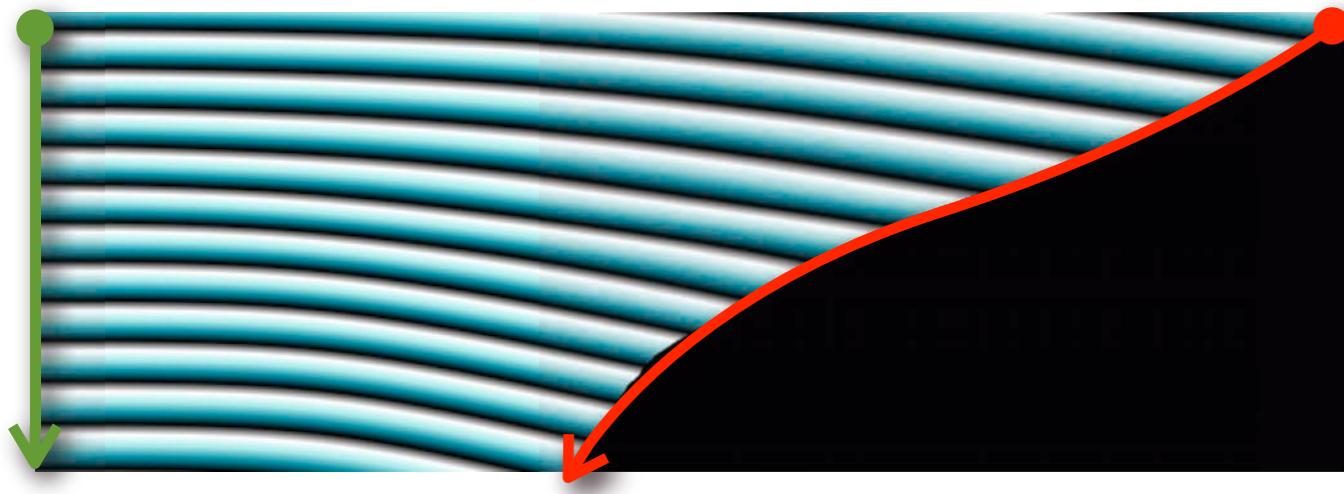
$$\psi(x, t) = \phi(x, t) - \phi(0, t)$$

$$\phi_A(t) = \phi_P(t) + \psi(a(t), t)$$

$$\omega_A = \omega_P + \left(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \frac{da}{dt} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \right) \Big|_{x=a(t)}$$

Doppler

Las dos contribuciones se observan en el embrión



$$\omega_A = \omega_P + (\dot{a}\partial_x\psi + \partial_t\psi)|_{x=a(t)}$$

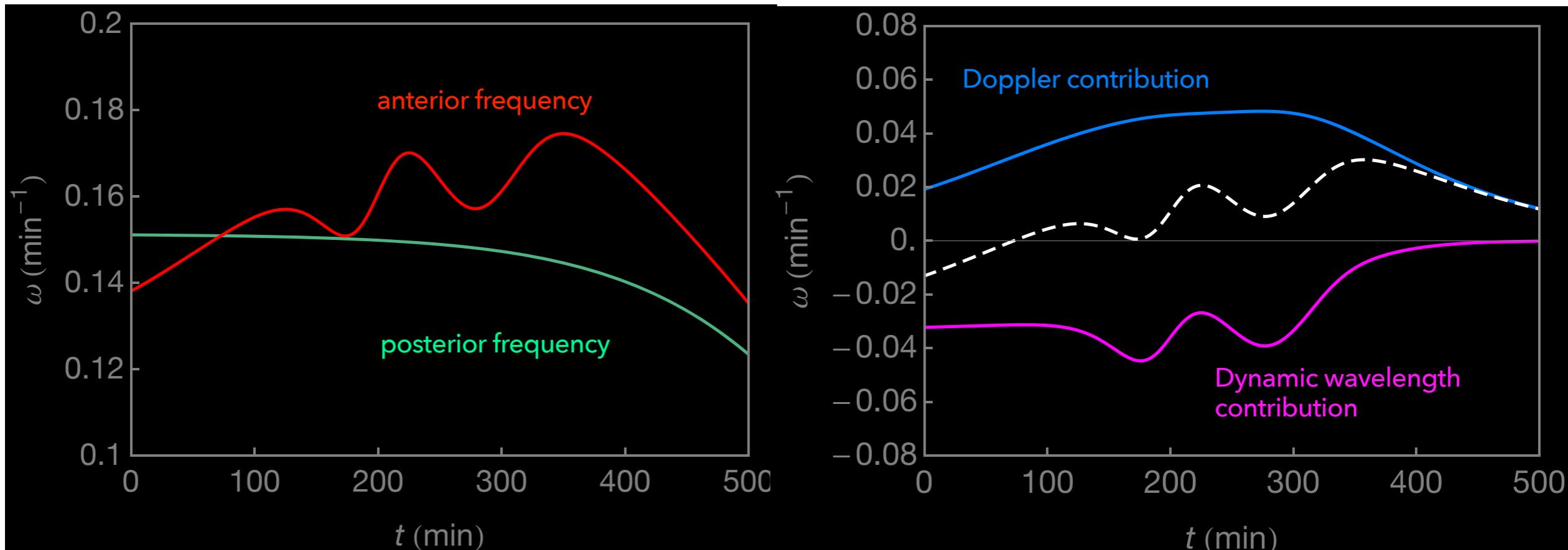
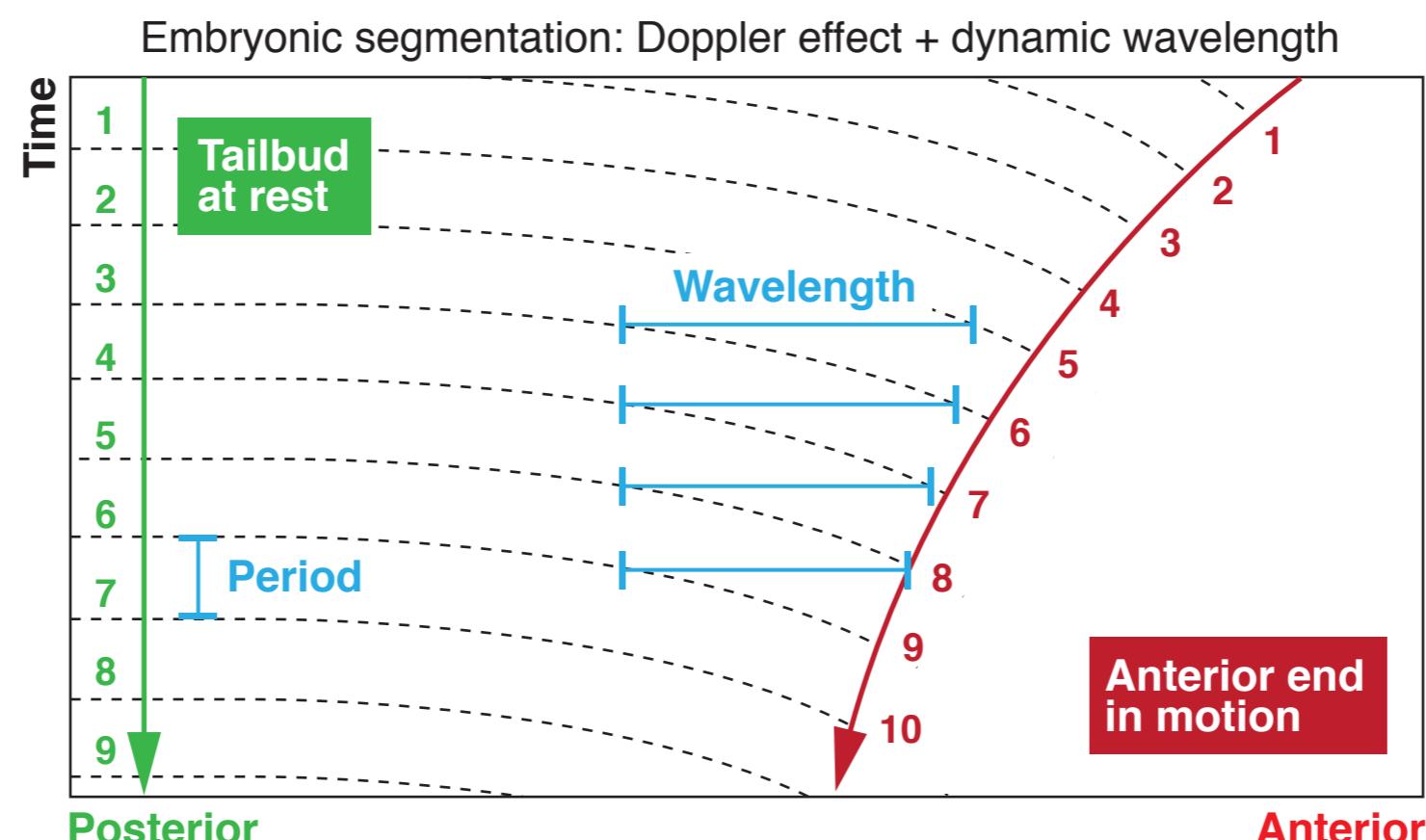
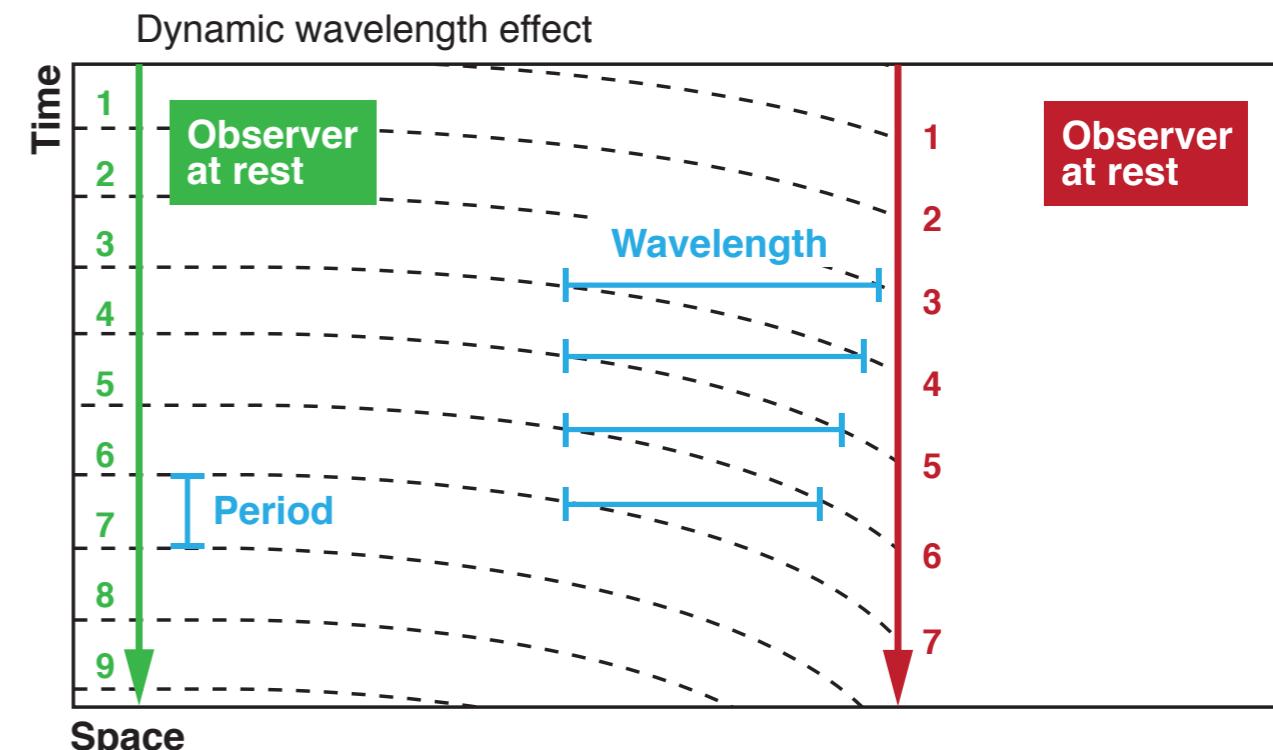
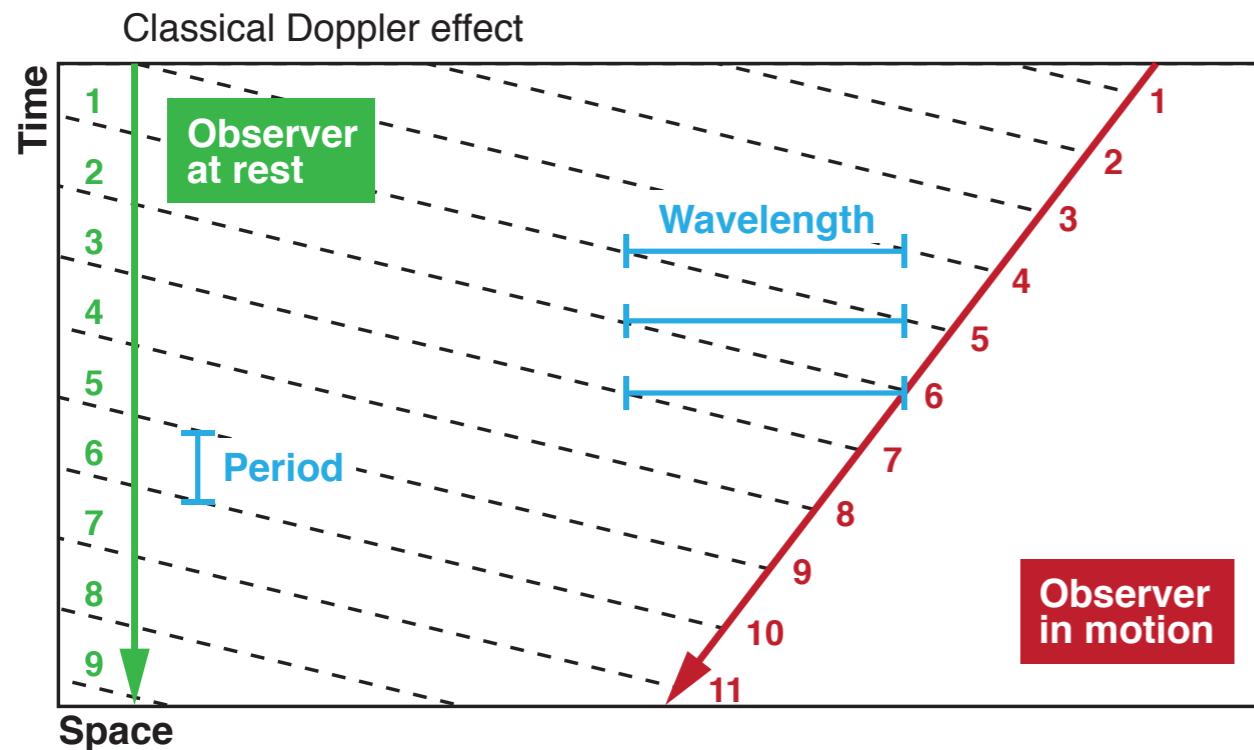


Ilustración del efecto Doppler y longitud de onda dinámica





Daniele
Soroldoni



David
Jörg



David
Richmond



Andy
Oates



Frank
Jülicher

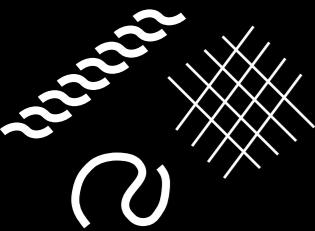
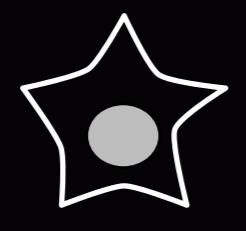
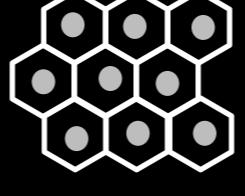
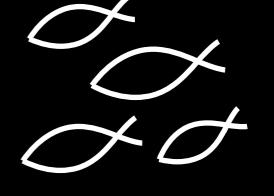


Oates Lab

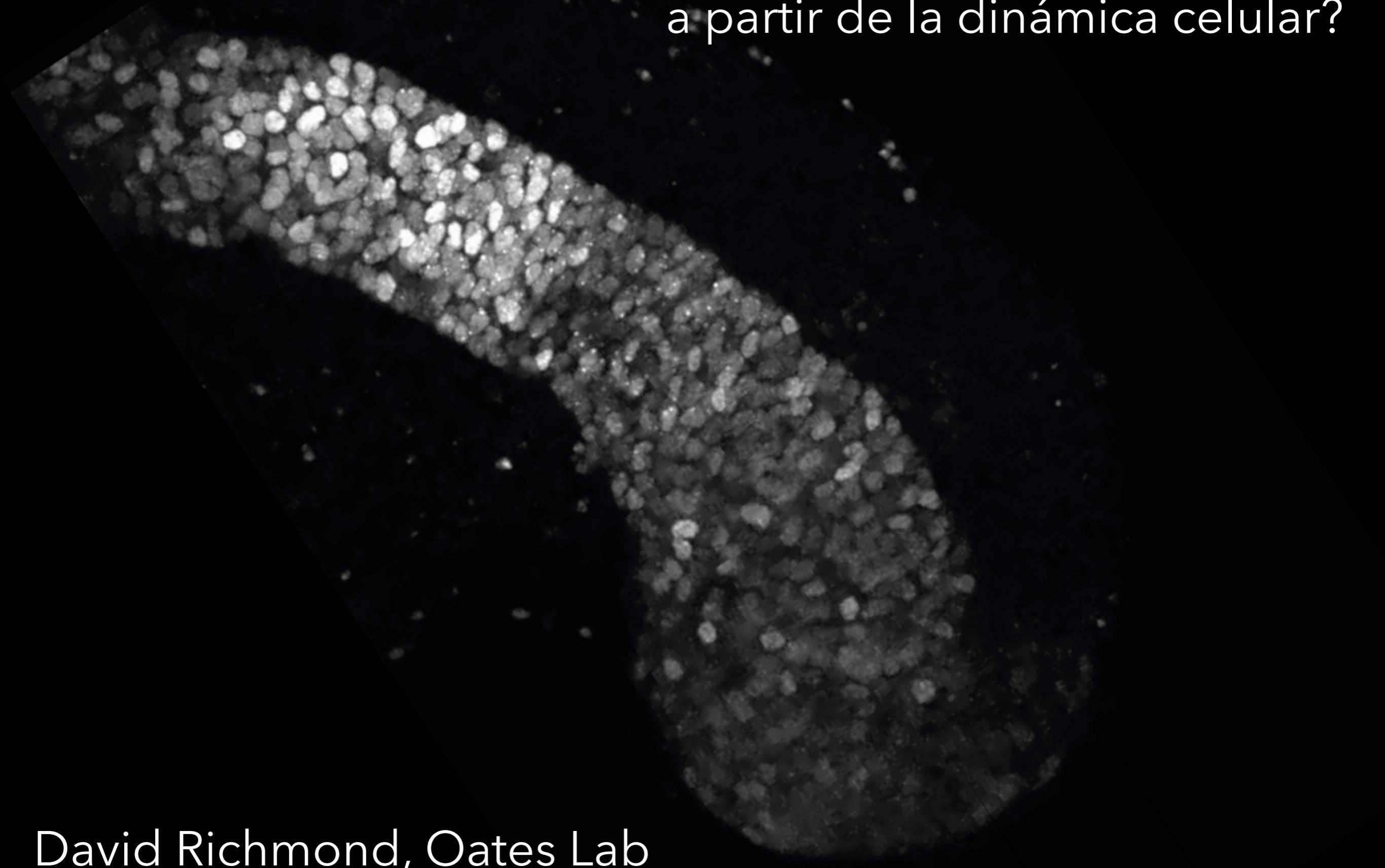
... mpiPKS
Biological Physics

Soroldoni et al. (en prensa)

Física de Sistemas Biológicos

molécula	célula	tejido	organismo	ecosistema
				
$\sim 10^{-9} \text{ m}$	$\sim 10^{-6} \text{ m}$	$\sim 10^{-3} \text{ m}$	$\sim 1 \text{ m}$	$\sim 10^3 \text{ m}$

Como se generan estos patrones espacio-temporales
a partir de la dinámica celular?



David Richmond, Oates Lab
cyclic reporter gene her1-YFP

Procesamiento de información en células y tejidos biológicos



Iván Lengyel

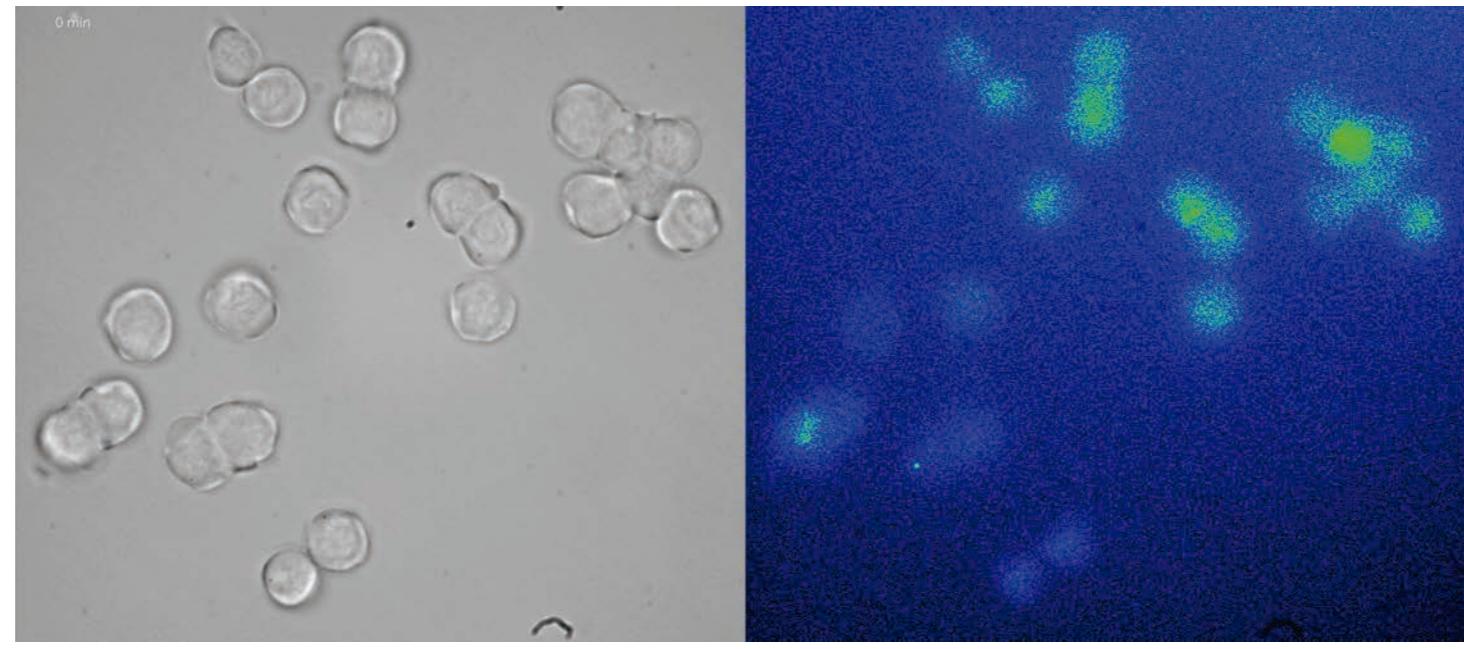


Gabriela Petrungaro



Efectos del ruido en la expresión genética

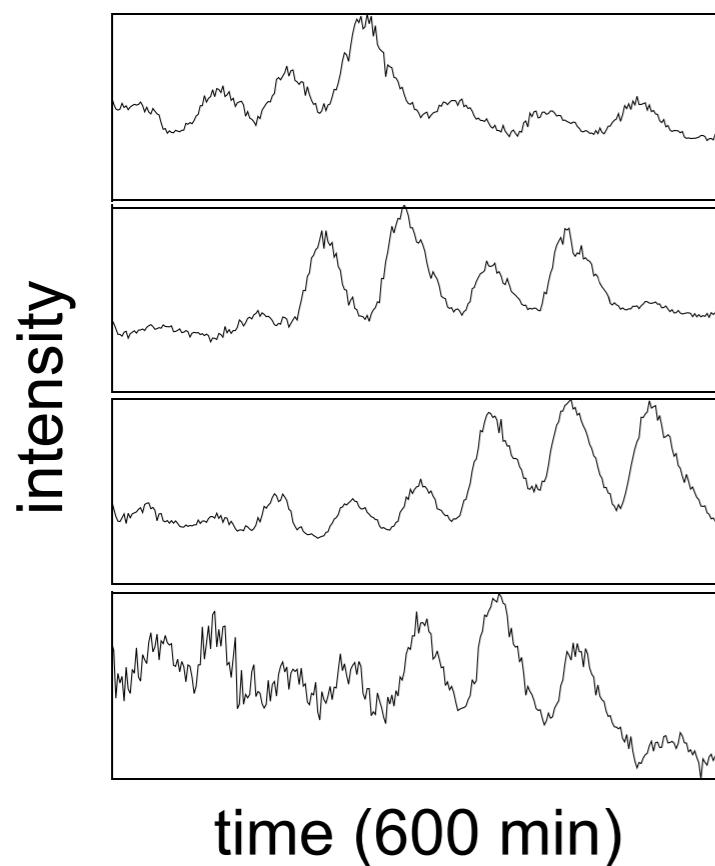
Iván
Lengyel



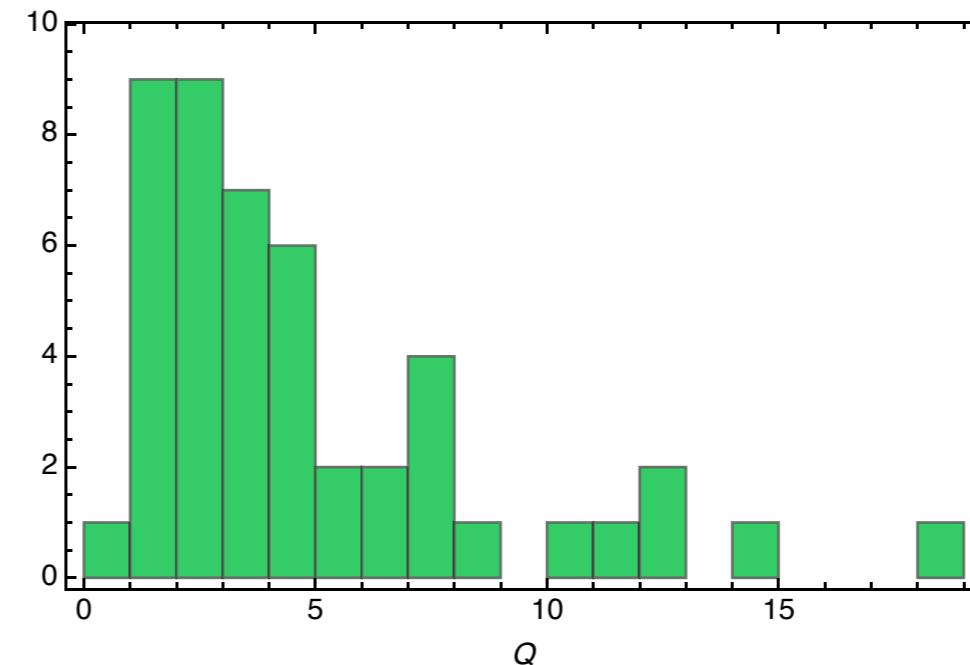
bright field

reporter gene *her1-YFP*

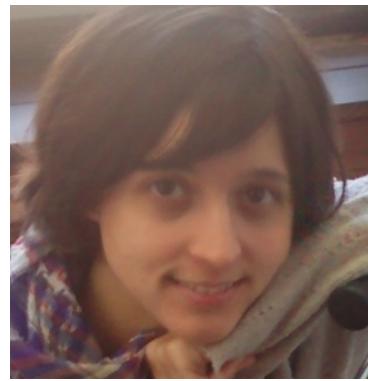
Annelie Oswald Oates Lab



Low quality factor Q, noisy oscillations

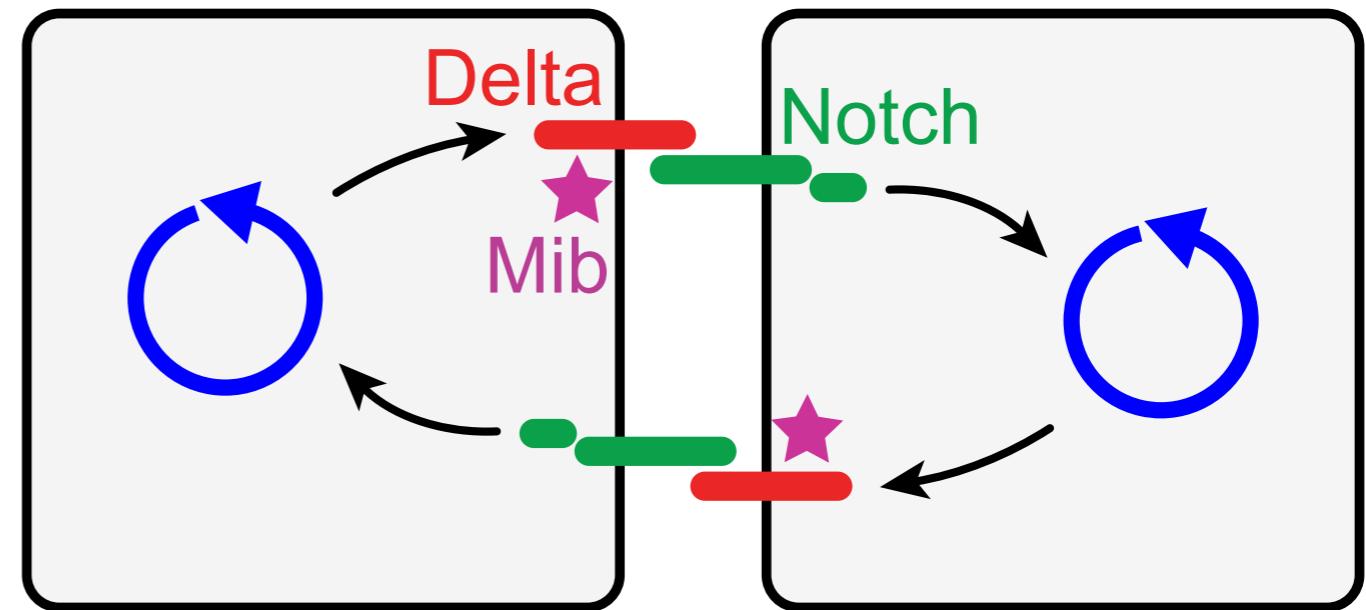
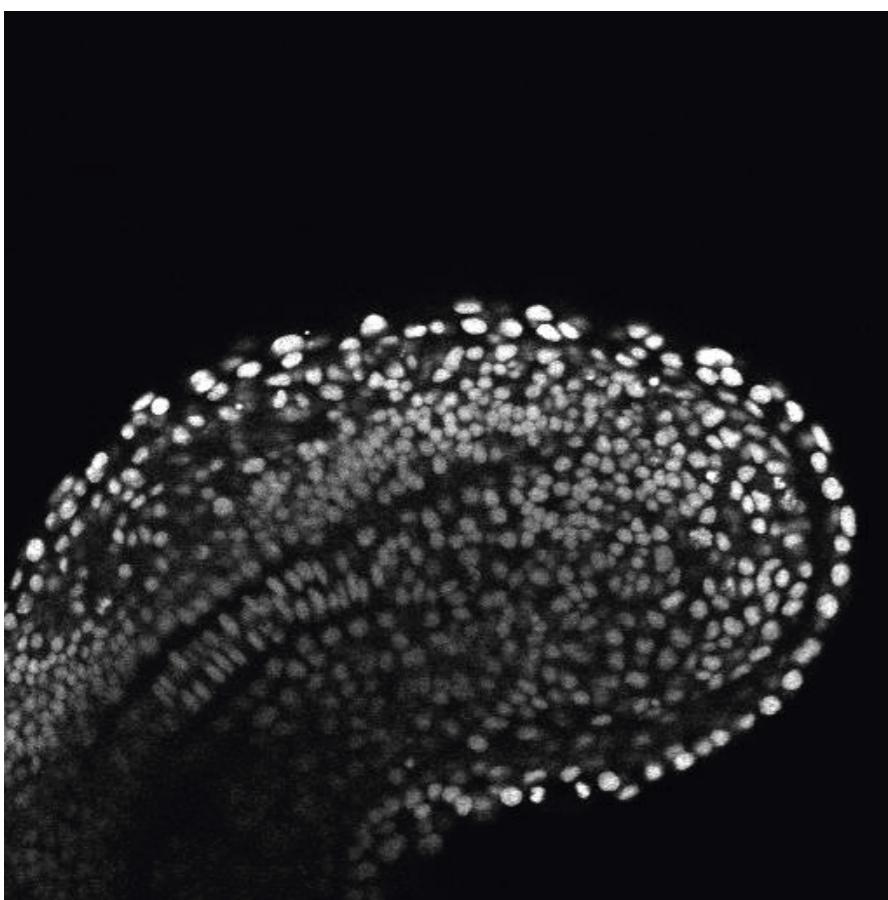


Alexis Webb David Jörg



Comunicación celular y movimiento celular

Gabriela
Petrungaro



Koichiro
Uriu



universidad de buenos aires - exocitos
departamento de Física

jueves 14hs

COLOQUIOS